

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS OF WEST VIRGINIA

WesBanco Bank, Inc. v. Rebecca A. Martin

WesBanco Bank · No. No. 12-0588 · Decided December 17, 2013

SUMMARY

The Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia affirmed the Workers' Compensation Board of Review's decision allowing Rebecca A. Martin's permanent total disability claim to be considered on the merits. The court held that Martin satisfied the statutory threshold of at least 50% whole-person impairment under West Virginia Code § 23-4-6(n)(1), rejecting WesBanco's arguments concerning res judicata and collateral estoppel.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Chief Justice Brent D. Benjamin; Justice Robin J. Davis; Justice Margaret L. Workman; Justice Menis E. Ketchum; Justice Allen H. Loughry II
JURISDICTION	West Virginia
DECIDED	December 17, 2013
DOCKET	No. 12-0588
DISPOSITION	affirmed
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	WesBanco Bank, Inc. appealed the West Virginia Workers' Compensation Board of Review's affirmance of an Office of Judges order reversing the claims administrator's denial of Rebecca A. Martin's application for permanent total disability benefits.
STANDARD OF REVIEW	The Board of Review's decision was affirmed unless it was in clear violation of a constitutional or statutory provision, clearly the result of erroneous conclusions of law, or based on a material misstatement or mischaracterization of the evidentiary record.
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	Published memorandum decision; precedential status is not otherwise specified in the opinion text.
PARTIES	WesBanco Bank, Inc. v. Rebecca A. Martin

TOPICS

workers compensation

appellate procedure

standard of review

administrative law

PRACTICE AREAS

workers compensation

administrative law

appellate procedure

QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether Martin met the statutory threshold of at least 50% whole-person permanent partial disability necessary for her permanent total disability claim to be considered on the merits.
2. Whether res judicata or collateral estoppel barred consideration of Martin's permanent total disability claim.
3. Whether the Board of Review's decision affirming the Office of Judges was clearly erroneous, legally erroneous, constitutionally invalid, or based on a material misstatement or mischaracterization of the evidentiary record.

HOLDINGS

1. Martin met the statutory threshold under West Virginia Code § 23-4-6(n)(1) by demonstrating at least 50% permanent partial disability on a whole-person medical basis, and therefore was entitled to have her permanent total disability claim considered on the merits.
2. The court rejected WesBanco's contention that the permanent total disability issue had been fully litigated and was barred by res judicata or collateral estoppel.
3. The Board of Review's decision was not in clear violation of a constitutional or statutory provision, was not clearly the result of erroneous conclusions of law, and was not based on a material misstatement or mischaracterization of the evidentiary record.

KEY QUOTATIONS

"For the foregoing reasons, we find that the decision of the Board of Review is not in clear violation of any constitutional or statutory provision, nor is it clearly the result of erroneous conclusions of law, nor is it based upon a material misstatement or mischaracterization of the evidentiary record." (2)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Rebecca A. Martin, a loan officer for WesBanco Bank, sustained an occupational left shoulder injury in a fall on October 25, 1999. Her compensable diagnoses included shoulder, cervical, and thoracic sprains, cerebrovascular accident, and depression; she later underwent shoulder and rotator-cuff surgery and suffered a stroke. Medical evaluations assigned physical and psychiatric impairment ratings that, when considered together, supported a finding that she met the statutory threshold for consideration of permanent total disability benefits.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The claims administrator denied Martin's application for permanent total disability benefits. The Workers' Compensation Office of Judges reversed that decision and held that Martin met the statutory medical-

impairment threshold for consideration of her permanent total disability claim. The Board of Review affirmed, and the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia affirmed the Board's final order.

DISPOSITION

affirmed

Retrieved from lawtools.ai · <https://lawtools.ai/cases/state/west-virginia-supreme-court-of-appeals-of-west-virginia/2013/wesbanco-bank-inc-v-rebecca-a-martin-9mb7ada0>