

COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH DISTRICT OF TEXAS AT BEAUMONT

Max Alexander Rodeman v. The State of Texas

Nos. 09-25-00177-CR, 09-25-00178-CR, 09-25-00179-CR, 09-25-00180-CR, 09-25-00181-CR (Tex. App.—Beaumont May 6, 2026) (mem. op.) · No. Nos. 09-25-00177-CR, 09-25-00178-CR, 09-25-00179-CR, 09-25-00180-CR, 09-25-00181-CR · Decided May 6, 2026

SUMMARY

The Ninth Court of Appeals of Texas at Beaumont reviewed Max Alexander Rodeman’s Anders appeal from five convictions for possession with intent to promote child pornography. Rodeman pleaded guilty and received concurrent fifteen-year sentences for each count. After independently reviewing the record and finding no reversible error or arguable grounds for appeal, the court affirmed the trial court’s judgments.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	Court of Appeals for the Ninth District of Texas at Beaumont
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Kent Chambers; Golemon, C.J.; Wright, J.; Chambers, J.
JURISDICTION	Court of Appeals for the Ninth District of Texas at Beaumont
DECIDED	May 6, 2026
DOCKET	Nos. 09-25-00177-CR, 09-25-00178-CR, 09-25-00179-CR, 09-25-00180-CR, 09-25-00181-CR
DISPOSITION	affirmed
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	Rodeman appealed five convictions for second-degree felony possession with intent to promote child pornography after pleading guilty and receiving concurrent fifteen-year sentences. Appointed appellate counsel filed an Anders brief stating that the appeal was frivolous, and Rodeman did not file a pro se brief.
STANDARD OF REVIEW	Upon receiving an Anders brief, the court of appeals must conduct a full examination of the record to determine whether the appeal is wholly frivolous and whether any reversible error or arguable grounds for appeal exist.
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	Unpublished memorandum opinion; designated Do Not Publish.
PARTIES	Max Alexander Rodeman v. The State of Texas

TOPICS

appellate procedure

criminal procedure

PRACTICE AREAS

criminal appellate practice

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QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether the Anders review of the record revealed any reversible error or arguable grounds for appeal.
2. Whether appointment of new appellate counsel was required to rebrief the appeal.

HOLDINGS

1. After conducting a full examination of the record and reviewing appellate counsel's Anders brief, the court found no reversible error and nothing that would arguably support an appeal.
2. Appointment of new appellate counsel was unnecessary because the court found no arguable grounds for appeal.

KEY QUOTATIONS

“Upon receiving an Anders brief, this Court must conduct a full examination of the record to determine whether the appeal is wholly frivolous.” (at 2)

“We have reviewed the entire record, counsel’s brief, and have found no reversible error and nothing that would arguably support an appeal.” (at 3)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A grand jury indicted Max Alexander Rodeman on five counts of second-degree felony possession with intent to promote child pornography. Rodeman pleaded guilty to all five counts while represented by counsel. Following a punishment hearing, the trial court imposed fifteen years' imprisonment on each count and ordered the sentences to run concurrently.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

A grand jury indicted Rodeman on five counts under Texas Penal Code section 43.26(g). He pleaded guilty to each count, and after a punishment hearing the 221st District Court of Montgomery County assessed fifteen years' imprisonment on each count, to run concurrently. The court of appeals reviewed the record, the Anders brief, and the absence of a pro se brief, found no reversible error or arguable grounds for appeal, and affirmed the judgments.

DISPOSITION

affirmed

CASES CITED

- *Anders v. California*, 386 U.S. 738 (1967)
- *High v. State*, 573 S.W.2d 807 (Tex. Crim. App. 1978)
- *Bledsoe v. State*, 178 S.W.3d 824, 826-28 (Tex. Crim. App. 2005)
- *Stafford v. State*, 813 S.W.2d 503, 511 (Tex. Crim. App. 1991)
- *Penson v. Ohio*, 488 U.S. 75, 80 (1988)

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