

NEW YORK COURT OF APPEALS

The People v. Dakota W. Baldwin

No. 14 · No. No. 14 · Decided March 21, 2023

SUMMARY

The New York Court of Appeals dismissed the appeal as moot because the maximum term of the defendant's sentence had expired. A concurrence explained that the mootness exception did not apply because the Third Department had corrected its prior use of an allegedly erroneous standard for sentence reductions in the interest of justice.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	New York Court of Appeals
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Acting Chief Judge Cannataro; Judge Rivera; Judge Garcia; Judge Wilson; Judge Singas; Judge Troutman
JURISDICTION	New York
DECIDED	March 21, 2023
DOCKET	No. 14
DISPOSITION	dismissed
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	Appeal from a criminal sentencing decision in which the appellant challenged the Third Department's standard for reducing a sentence in the interest of justice. The Court of Appeals dismissed the appeal as moot because the maximum term of the sentence had expired.
STANDARD OF REVIEW	The Court of Appeals may review whether an appellate court applied an incorrect legal standard, even when the appellate court characterizes its decision as an exercise of interest-of-justice discretion. The appeal was nevertheless dismissed because the sentencing issue was moot and did not qualify for the exception for important and recurring issues unlikely to be otherwise reviewable.
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	Published Court of Appeals memorandum; the mootness disposition is precedential, but the concurrence's discussion of the merits is nonbinding.
PARTIES	Dakota W. Baldwin v. The People

TOPICS

mootness

appellate procedure

appellate jurisdiction

sentencing

criminal procedure

PRACTICE AREAS

Criminal procedure

Appellate procedure

Sentencing

Mootness

QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether the expiration of Baldwin's maximum sentence rendered his challenge to the sentence-reduction standard moot.
2. Whether the mootness exception for important and recurring issues applied.

HOLDINGS

1. The appeal must be dismissed because the issues presented became moot after the maximum term of Baldwin's sentence expired.

KEY QUOTATIONS

"The appeal should be dismissed upon the ground that the issues presented have become moot" (-1-)

"broad, plenary power to modify a sentence ... may be exercised, if the interest of justice warrants, without deference to the sentencing court" (-2-)

"The maximum term of Mr. Baldwin's sentence has expired." (-3-)

"In a way, then, Mr. Baldwin has prevailed on the merits of his argument even though his appeal is moot."
(-4-)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Baldwin challenged the Third Department's longstanding use of an 'extraordinary circumstances or abuse of discretion' requirement when defendants sought sentence reductions under CPL 470.15 (6) (b). His maximum sentence expired while the appeal was pending, and subsequent Third Department decisions adopted the statutory 'unduly harsh or severe' standard.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Baldwin appealed after the Third Department applied a standard requiring extraordinary circumstances or an abuse of discretion to obtain an interest-of-justice sentence reduction. While the appeal was pending in the Court of Appeals, Baldwin's maximum sentence expired, and the Third Department apparently adopted the statutory 'unduly harsh or severe' standard in later cases.

DISPOSITION

dismissed

CASES CITED

- People v McLaine, 64 NY2d 934, 934 [1985]
- People v Chi Fong Chen, 100 NY2d 527, 528 [2003]
- People v Delgado, 80 NY2d 780, 780 [1992]
- People v Thomas, 194 AD3d 1405, 1406 [4th Dept 2021]
- People v Epackchi, 37 NY3d 39, 43-45 [2021]
- Hearst Corp. v Clyne, 50 NY2d 707, 714 [1980]
- People v Sanders, 206 AD3d 1164, 1165 [3d Dept 2022]
- People v Harris, 206 AD3d 1454, 1461 [3d Dept 2022]
- People v Machia, 206 AD3d 1272, 1278 [3d Dept 2022]
- People v Streater, 207 AD3d 952, 954 [3d Dept 2022]
- People v Kimball, 2023 WL 1824967 [3d Dept 2023]
- People v Garrick, 181 NYS3d 471 [3d Dept 2023]

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