

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF
WASHINGTON

**Patrick Clarke; Christine Bauknecht; Mary Ann Davis; Freda
Lorriaine Taylor v. Providence St. Joseph Health; Providence Health
& Services; Providence Health and Services—Washington d/b/a
Providence; Providence St. Mary Medical Center; and Providence
Medical Group d/b/a Providence Medical Group Southeast
Washington Neurosurgery, a/k/a PMG Neuroscience Institute, Walla
Walla a/k/a Neuroscience Institute d/b/a Providence**

Clarke v. Providence · No. 2:24-CV-0434-TOR · Decided January 12, 2026

OPINION

Clarke

PER CURIAM.

1 2 3 4

5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

6 7 PATRICK CLARKE, an individual;

CHRISTINE BAUKNECHT, an NO. 2:24-CV-0434-TOR

8 individual; MARY ANN DAVIS, an individual; FREDA LORRIANE ORDER ON
DEFENDANTS' RULE 9 TAYLOR, an individual, 26(c) MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE
ORDER

10 Plaintiffs, 11 v.

12 PROVIDENCE ST. JOSEPH

HEALTH; PROVIDENCE HEALTH

13 & SERVICES; PROVIDENCE

HEALTH AND SERVICES –

14 WASHINGTON D/B/A

PROVIDENCE; PROVIDENCE ST.

15 MARY MEDICAL CENTER; AND

PROVIDENCE MEDICAL GROUP

16 D/B/A PROVIDENCE MEDICAL

GROUP SOUTHEAST

17 WASHINGTON NEUROSURGERY,

A/K/A PMG NEUROSCIENCE
18 INSTITUTE, WALLA WALLA
A/K/A NEUROSCIENCE

19 INSTITUTE D/B/A PROVIDENCE,

20 Defendants. 1 BEFORE THE COURT are Defendants' Rule 26(c) Motion for Protective
2 Order (ECF No. 66) and Plaintiffs' Cross-Motion to Authorize Use of Companion 3 Case
Discovery (ECF No. 68). These matters were submitted for consideration 4 without oral argument.
The Court has reviewed the record and files herein and is 5 fully informed. For the reasons
discussed below, Defendants' Rule 26(c) Motion 6 for Protective Order (ECF No. 66) is DENIED
in part and Plaintiffs' Cross-Motion 7 to Authorize Use of Companion Case Discovery (ECF No.
68) is GRANTED in 8 part.

9 BACKGROUND

10 This case arises out of claims regarding procedures for unnecessary spine 11 surgeries
performed by Jason A. Dreyer, D.O. ("Dr. Dreyer") that stem from a 12 multitude of related cases
in the Eastern District of Washington against Defendants 13 ("Providence"). ECF No. 1.
Previously, this Court granted in part Plaintiffs' 14 Motion for Discovery and continued Plaintiffs'
response, Providence's reply, and 15 the hearing for Providence's Motion for Partial Summary
Judgment. ECF No. 63. 16 Plaintiffs requested use of discovery obtained in cases *Estes v.*
Providence Health 17 & Services – Washington, et al., 4:21-cv-5042-TOR ("Estes") and *Batten, et*
al. v. 18 Providence St. Joseph Health, et al., 2:23-cv-0097-TOR ("Batten") to use for their 19
arguments in Providence's summary judgment motion. ECF No. 50. The Court 20 expressed their
weariness to proceed with normal discovery because of 1 Providence's history of court orders for
compelling discovery. ECF No. 65 at 6. 2 However, the Court decided to provide the parties the
chance to proceed normally. 3 *Id.* The Court encouraged the parties to make a proper effort to
resolve the 4 discovery issues outside the court. ECF No. 65 at 7. On October 16, 2025, a 5
Stipulated Motion for Protective Order was filed and subsequently granted. ECF
6 Nos. 65, 70.

7 On October 31, 2025, Providence filed a Motion for Protective Order. ECF

8 No. 66. Providence requests that they shall be allowed to continue reviewing and

9 producing documents in response to Plaintiffs' requests and provide a privilege log 10 by or on
December 7, 2025. ECF No. 66 at 11. At this point, Providence has not 11 filed a privilege log.
The second request states that Providence shall not be 12 required to produce or stipulate to the
use of all discovery produced in the 13 companion matters but instead review the documents for
responsiveness to 14 discovery requests. ECF No. 66 at 11.

15 DISCUSSION

16 Under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure Rule 26(c), "A party or any person 17 from whom
discovery is sought may move for a protective order." FED. R. CIV. P. 18 26(c). In this motion,
the movant must include a certification that he or she have 19 acted in good faith to confer with

the other parties to resolve the dispute outside 20 court action. *Id.* In that case, “[t]he court may, for good cause, issue an order to 1 protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue 2 burden or expense[.]” FED. R. CIV. P. 26. The burden to show good cause is on the 3 movant of the motion by showing harm or prejudice will arise from the discovery. 4 *Rivera v. NIBCO, Inc.*, 364 F.3d 1057, 1063 (9th Cir. 2004). If a court finds 5 particularized harm will result from disclosure of information to the public, then it 6 balances the public and private interests to decide whether a protective order is 7 necessary.” *Rivera v. NIBCO, Inc.*, 364 F.3d 1057, 1063–64 (9th Cir. 2004) 8 (quoting *Phillips ex rel. Estates of Byrd v. General Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206, 9 1211 (9th Cir. 2002)). 10 For collateral litigants, as an initial matter, “the litigant[s] must demonstrate 11 the relevance of the protected discovery to the collateral proceedings and its 12 general discoverability therein.” *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 13 1122, 1132 (9th Cir. 2003). Moreover, the Ninth Circuit “‘strongly favors access 14 to discovery materials’ for individuals engaged in other litigation because 15 ‘[a]llowing the fruits of one litigation to facilitate preparation in other cases 16 advances the interests of judicial economy by avoiding the wasteful duplication of 17 discovery.’” *Fierro Cordero v. Stemilt AG Servs., LLC*, 142 F.4th 1201, 1207 (9th

18 Cir. 2025) (quoting *Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122, 1131 19 (9th Cir. 2003)). 20 Providence state the date of their meet and confer with Plaintiffs and provide 1 evidence of communications to show acts to confer. ECF No. 66 at 5; 67. 2 Providence requests that the Court grant a protective order under Federal Rule of 3 Civil Procedure Rule 26(c). ECF No. 66 at 11. Providence argues Plaintiffs’ 4 request for Production Nos. 1 and 2 and their Stipulated Discovery Plan are 5 overboard and not specific to their needs for this case. ECF No. 66 at 7. 6 Additionally, they state that there is no presumption of discoverability for 7 companion matters. ECF No. 66 at 9. Plaintiffs respond that Providence fails to 8 show good cause under Rule 26(c). ECF No. 68 at 10. Additionally, they argue 9 that this argument is barred by Collateral Estoppel, inconsistent with judicial 10 economy and this Court’s direction. ECF No. 68. at 11. 11 Providence must show good cause. Providence states that good cause exists 12 because the discovery requested is overbroad and not proportional to their needs. 13 ECF No. 66 at 7. Providence argues that Plaintiffs request allows “unlimited 14 access to a large volume of discovery” from seven other cases but does not specify 15 a connection between their claims and defenses. ECF No. 66 at 7. Providence 16 furthers that this request is overbroad and disproportionate because the discovery 17 in the other cases include matters not relevant to this case. *Id.* Providence states 18 that Plaintiffs are not parties to cases such as *Estes*, *Batten*, *Palmer v. Dreyer et al.*, 19 *Spokane County Case. No. 21-2-01299-32 (“Palmer”)*, *Isabel Lindsey and Charles 20 Lindsey v. Jason A. Dreyer, DO, et al.*, *Spokane County Case. No. 23-2-04365-32 1 (“Lindsey”)*, *Glenda Rae et al. v. MultiCare Health System et al.*, *Spokane County 2 Case. No. 22-2-06780-8 (“Rae”)* or *Caroline Angulo et al. v. Providence Health & 3 Services – Washington et al.*, *W.D. Wash. Case No. 2:22-cv-00915-JLR 4 (“Angulo”)*. ECF No. 66 at 8. Providence

expressed willingness to discuss 5 “factual categories of documents from the Companion Matters to Produce on a 6 priority basis” as long as Plaintiffs reconsider their position on the matter. ECF 7 No. 66 at 8. Providence also raises a concern of attorney-client privilege for 8 requests of documents showing specific crimes such as fraudulent concealment and 9 corporate negligence. ECF No. 66 at 8. Providence requests that, despite Batten, 10 they should be allowed to consider their position regarding privilege in this case. 11 ECF No. 66. 12 Plaintiffs’ respond that Providence did not show good cause because they 13 did not identify a concrete harm. ECF No. 68 at 10. Plaintiffs’ filed Cross-Motion 14 to Authorize Use of Companion Case Discovery in their response to Providences’ 15 Motion for Protective Order. ECF Nos. 68; 66. Plaintiffs request that they may 16 use the discovery and deposition materials previously ordered for production or 17 permitted for use from Estes and Batten, including Palmer, to avoid duplicative 18 motions and lower the burden on the parties. ECF No. 68 at 11. 19 In the court’s previous Order, the Court denied the use of Batten and Estes 20 but stated that it was open to reconsidering this request. ECF No. 63 at 7. 1 Notably, the Court recognizes that Plaintiffs request the use of only three cases: 2 Batten, Estes, and Palmer. ECF No. 68 at 11. 3 Providence alludes to the burden and the proportionality of the requests as a 4 harm. ECF No. 66 at 7. The relevance of this discovery relates to similar issues 5 and allegations regarding Providence. As mentioned in the Court’s previous 6 Order, Batten and Estes are particularly informative on this matter. ECF No. 63 at 7 7. As such, the Court will follow Batten’s precedent. 8 Based on the history of this case, related matters, and to prevent prolonging 9 this case, the Court grants Plaintiffs’ cross-motion in part and denies Providence’s 10 Motion for Protective Order in part. Similarly, for Estes, Batten, and Palmer, 11 Plaintiffs are permitted to use discovery produced in these cases related to the qui 12 tam action subject to the same redaction requirements such as personally 13 identifying information of individuals other than Plaintiffs. This should resolve 14 any concerns regarding confidential information regarding other individuals. 15 Similarly to Batten, if Plaintiffs wish to seek additional materials or discovery, 16 including from cases not addressed in this Order, Plaintiffs must identify with 17 specificity the relevant documents sought and explain why they are necessary. 18 // 19 // 20 ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED: 2 1. Defendants’ Rule 26(c) Motion for Protective Order (ECF No. 66) is 3 DENIED in part. 4 2. Plaintiffs’ Cross-Motion to Authorize Use of Companion Case 5 Discovery (ECF No. 68) is GRANTED in part. 6 The District Court Executive is directed to enter this Order and furnish copies to counsel. 8 DATED January 12, 2026. <> United States District Judge 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 ORDER ON DEFENDANTS’ RULE 26(c) MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE