

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW
HAMPSHIRE

Mark Heath v. Warden, N.H. State Prison for Men

Heath · No. Civil No. 23-cv-276-JL-AJ · Decided March 20, 2026

SUMMARY

A United States magistrate judge recommends denying petitioner Mark Heath’s motion for default judgment in his 28 U.S.C. § 2254 habeas case. The recommendation concludes that default judgment is improper because the respondent filed a motion for summary judgment, which was deemed timely after the court retroactively granted an extension of time.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	United States District Court for the District of New Hampshire
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Andrea K. Johnstone
JURISDICTION	United States District Court for the District of New Hampshire
DECIDED	March 20, 2026
DOCKET	Civil No. 23-cv-276-JL-AJ
DISPOSITION	other
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	In a 28 U.S.C. § 2254 habeas case, the self-represented petitioner moved for judgment seeking entry of default judgment. The respondent objected and filed a motion for summary judgment. The magistrate judge issued a Report and Recommendation advising the district judge to deny the motion for default judgment.
STANDARD OF REVIEW	A default judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55 requires that the party against whom affirmative relief is sought have failed to plead or otherwise defend. The Report and Recommendation was subject to review under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(b)(2).
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	Nonprecedential Report and Recommendation
PARTIES	Mark Heath v. Warden, N.H. State Prison for Men

TOPICS

- federal habeas corpus
- default judgment
- post-conviction relief
- civil procedure

PRACTICE AREAS

Federal habeas corpus

Civil procedure

Post-conviction relief

QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether the petitioner was entitled to default judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55 when the respondent had filed a motion for summary judgment, albeit after the original deadline.
2. Whether the respondent's motion for summary judgment was timely after the court retroactively granted an extension of time.

HOLDINGS

1. Default judgment was improper because the respondent had filed a motion for summary judgment and therefore had not failed to plead or otherwise defend the action.

KEY QUOTATIONS

“When a party against whom a judgment for affirmative relief is sought has failed to plead or otherwise defend” (Discussion)

“That motion makes a default judgment improper here, even though the motion was approximately two weeks late on the date it was filed.” (Discussion)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Mark Heath, a self-represented petitioner in a § 2254 case, sought default judgment based on the respondent's asserted failure to meet a court-ordered January 13, 2026 deadline. The respondent objected and filed a motion for summary judgment, and the court retroactively extended the deadline through March 9, 2026, making that motion timely.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Petitioner filed a § 2254 petition and later moved for default judgment, asserting that the respondent had failed to timely plead or otherwise defend. The respondent objected and filed a summary-judgment motion. The court separately granted the respondent's request for an extension of time, making the summary-judgment motion timely, and recommended denial of default judgment.

DISPOSITION

other

CASES CITED

- *Universitas Educ., LLC v. Granderson*, 98 F.4th 357, 363 n.2 (1st Cir. 2024)
- *Jenkins v. Hazlewood*, No. 20-cv-803-PB, 2021 DNH 154, 2021 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 186631, at *20-21, 2021 WL 4462192, at *8 (D.N.H. Sept. 29, 2021)
- *Quifiones-Torres v. United States*, 240 F. App'x 876, 878 (1st Cir. 2007)

- Sch. Union No. 37 v. United Nat'l Ins. Co., 617 F.3d 554, 564 (1st Cir. 2010)
- Santos-Santos v. Torres-Centeno, 842 F.3d 163, 168 (1st Cir. 2016)

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