

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF
CALIFORNIA

Moreno v. Borla

Moreno · No. 25-cv-03448 BLF (PR) · Decided June 10, 2025

OPINION

Moreno v. Borla

PER CURIAM.

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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

10

ALBERT MORENO,

11 Case No. 25-cv-03448 BLF (PR) Plaintiff,

12 ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR

v. PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION;

13 DENYING MOTION FOR

APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL

EDWARD BORLA, et al., 14 Defendants. 15 (Docket Nos. 13, 14) 16 17 18 Plaintiff, a California inmate, filed the instant pro se civil rights action pursuant to 19 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against Warden Edward Borla at the Correctional Training Facility 20 (“CTF”), where he is currently housed, and Secretary Jeffrey Macomber for the California 21 Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (“CDCR”). Dkt. No. 5. This matter was 22 reassigned to the undersigned on May 9, 2025. Dkt. No. 10. 23 Plaintiff filed a motion for preliminary injunction and a motion for appointment of 24 counsel. Dkt. Nos. 13, 14.

25 DISCUSSION

26 A. Plaintiff’s Claims 27 Plaintiff claims he has been subjected to cruel and unusual punishment since 1 Dkt. No. 5 at 4-5. He claims that double celling inmates in certain smaller sized cells at 2 CTF provided inadequate living space “to meet the minimal civilized measure of life’s 3 necessities.” Id. at 5. Plaintiff claims that his grievance on this issue, seeking 4 compensation and to remain single-celled, was ignored. Id. at 8. 5 B. Motion for Preliminary Injunction 6 Plaintiff filed a motion for preliminary injunction “to preserve status quo pending 7 trial on merits.” Dkt. No. 13. Plaintiff claims that he has been met with retaliation as 8 “officers have used and/or threatened to use the disciplinary action to force the Plaintiff to 9 be double-celled.” Id. at 1. He claims that forcing him to be double-celled would increase 10 the daily damages that he is seeking through this action, and that he is also seeking to 11 recover punitive damages. Id. at 1-2. Plaintiff

seeks a preliminary injunction ordering 12 defendants to “refrain immediately and pending the final hearing and resolution of this 13 action from: forcing Plaintiff to be double-celled; to also grant Plaintiff single cell status; 14 to stop using the disciplinary process against the Plaintiff in regards to refusing to be 15 double-celled.” Id. at 3. He also seeks damages for the officers’ “acts of retaliation by 16 threatening to use or having already used the disciplinary process against the Plaintiff.” Id. 17 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65 sets forth the procedure for issuance of a 18 preliminary injunction or temporary restraining order (“TRO”). Prior to granting a 19 preliminary injunction, notice to the adverse party is required. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 20 65(a)(1). Therefore, a motion for preliminary injunction cannot be decided until the 21 parties to the action are served. See *Zepeda v. INS*, 753 F.2d 719, 727 (9th Cir. 1983). 22 Here, the Court has yet to screen the complaint under 28 U.S.C. § 1915A. Accordingly, 23 the motion for a preliminary injunction is DENIED without prejudice to refiling if this 24 matter proceeds past initial screening. 25 C. Motion for Appointment of Counsel 26 Plaintiff seeks appointment of counsel based on complexity of the issues, his lack of 1 || at2. There is no constitutional right to counsel in a civil case unless an indigent litigant 2 || may lose his physical liberty if he loses the litigation. See *Lassiter v. Dep’t of Social 3 || Services*, 452 U.S. 18, 25 (1981); *Rand v. Rowland*, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997) 4 || (no constitutional right to counsel in § 1983 action), withdrawn in part on other grounds 5 || on reh’g en banc, 154 F.3d 952 (9th Cir. 1998) (en banc). The decision to request counsel 6 || to represent an indigent litigant under § 1915 is within “the sound discretion of the trial 7 || court and is granted only in exceptional circumstances.” *Franklin v. Murphy*, 745 F.2d 8 || 1221, 1236 (9th Cir. 1984). Here, Plaintiff’s asserted grounds do not set him apart from g || other prisoner-plaintiffs to establish exceptional circumstances. Accordingly, the request 10 || is DENIED for lack of exceptional circumstances. See *Agyeman v. Corrections Corp. of 11 || America*, 390 F.3d 1101, 1103 (9th Cir. 2004); *Rand*, 113 F.3d at 1525 (9th Cir. 1997); 2 *Terrell v. Brewer*, 935 F.2d 1015, 1017 (9th Cir. 1991); *Wilborn v. Escalderon*, 789 F.2d E 13. || 1328, 1331 (9th Cir. 1986). 14

15 CONCLUSION

16 For the reasons discussed above, Plaintiffs motion for a preliminary injunction is 5 17 || DENIED without prejudice. Dkt. No. 13. Plaintiff’s motion for appointment of counsel is 5 18 || DENIED for lack of exceptional circumstances. Dkt. No. 14. 19 This order terminates Docket No. 13 and 14. 20 IT ISSO ORDERED. 21 || Dated: — June 10, 2025 nfhaccnan

> BETH LABSON F REEMAN

United States District Judge 23 24 25 Order Denying PI & Atty PRO-
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