

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS

Maurice L. Miles, Jr. v. (FNU) Hall, et al.

Miles v. Hall · No. 26-3007-JWL · Decided January 13, 2026

OPINION

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS MAURICE L. MILES, JR., Plaintiff, v. CASE NO. 26-3007-JWL (FNU) HALL, et al., Defendants. MEMORANDUM AND ORDER This matter is a pro se civil rights action filed under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff is incarcerated at the Larned State Correctional Facility in Larned, Kansas. Plaintiff has filed a motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis.

(Doc. 2.) Plaintiff claims that he was jumped three times in one day by another inmate and on the third time was stabbed and beat unconscious. (Doc. 1, at 2.) Plaintiff indicates that this happened around May 13, 2025. Id. at 6. Plaintiff alleges that officers failed to protect him. Id. at 3. Plaintiff seeks money damages and to have the officers fired. Id. at 8.

The Court finds that Plaintiff is subject to the “three-strikes” provision under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Court records establish that Plaintiff “has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated..., brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.”¹ Accordingly, he may proceed in forma pauperis only if he establishes a threat of “imminent danger of serious physical injury.” 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

1 Prior to filing the instant Complaint, the Court finds at least 3 prior civil actions filed by Plaintiff which qualify as “strikes” under § 1915(g). See Miles v. McClay, Case No. 16-3166-SAC-DJW, Doc. 14 (dismissed for failure to state a constitutional violation) (D. Kan. March 31, 2017); Miles v. Conrad, Case No. 16-3181-SAC-DJW, Doc. 6 (dismissed for failure to state a constitutional violation) (D.

Kan. March 31, 2017); Miles v. Sayeed, Case No. 19- 3031-SAC, Doc. 11 (dismissed for failure to state a claim) (D. Kan. Oct. 8, 2019). “To meet the only exception to the prepayment requirement, a prisoner who has accrued three strikes must make ‘specific, credible allegations of imminent danger of serious physical harm.’” Davis v. GEO Group Corr., 696 F. App’x 851, 854 (10th Cir.

2017) (unpublished) (quoting Hafeed v. Fed. Bureau of Prisons, 635 F.3d 1172, 1179 (10th Cir. 2011)). “Vague and utterly conclusory assertions are insufficient.” Id. The harm must be imminent or occurring at the time the complaint is filed, “allegations of past harm do not suffice.” Id. (citations omitted).

The “imminent danger” exception has a temporal limitation—[t]he exception is construed narrowly and available only ‘for genuine emergencies,’ where ‘time is pressing’ and ‘a threat... is real and proximate.’” *Lynn v. Roberts*, No. 11-3073-JAR, 2011 WL 3667171, at *2 (D. Kan. Aug. 22, 2011) (citation omitted). “Congress included an exception to the ‘three strikes’ rule for those cases in which it appears that judicial action is needed as soon as possible to prevent serious physical injuries from occurring in the meantime.” *Id.* (citation omitted).

The Court has examined the Complaint and attachments and finds no showing of imminent danger of serious physical injury. Plaintiff’s claims are based on the failure to protect him from assaults occurring around May 13, 2025.

Accordingly, pursuant to § 1915(g) Plaintiff may not proceed in forma pauperis in this civil action. Plaintiff is given time to pay the full \$405.00 district court filing fee² to the Court. If he fails to pay the full fee within the prescribed time, the Complaint will be dismissed based upon Plaintiff’s failure to satisfy the statutory district court filing fee required by 28 U.S.C. § 1914.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED BY THE COURT that Plaintiff’s motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis (Doc. 2) is denied. ² If a person is not granted in forma pauperis status under § 1915, the fee to file a non-habeas civil action includes the \$350.00 fee required by 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a) and a \$55.00 general administrative fee pursuant to § 1914(b) and the District Court Miscellaneous Fee Schedule prescribed by the Judicial Conference of the United States.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff is granted until February 13, 2026, to submit the \$405.00 filing fee. The failure to submit the fee by that date will result in the dismissal of this matter without prejudice and without additional prior notice. IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated January 13, 2026, in Kansas City, Kansas. S/ John W. Lungstrum JOHN W. LUNGSTRUM UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE