

**APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW
YORK, SECOND DEPARTMENT**

Carter v. Grenadier Realty

83 A.D.3d 640, 922 N.Y.S.2d 86 (2d Dep't 2011) · Decided April 5, 2011

SUMMARY

The defendants appealed from an order denying summary judgment in an action arising from injuries sustained by a child in an apartment fire allegedly involving the absence of a working smoke detector. The court held that the plaintiffs raised triable issues concerning whether the detector was operational, whether the defendants voluntarily undertook and failed to replace it, and whether that failure caused or aggravated the injuries. The order was affirmed.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Second Department
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Covello, J.P.; Angiolillo, J.; Dickerson, J.; Roman, J.
JURISDICTION	New York
DECIDED	April 5, 2011
DISPOSITION	affirmed
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	Defendants appealed from an order denying their motion for summary judgment dismissing the personal-injury complaint.
STANDARD OF REVIEW	Summary judgment is proper only when the movant establishes entitlement to judgment as a matter of law and the opposing party fails to raise a triable issue of material fact.
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	published appellate decision
PARTIES	Grenadier Realty, Howland Hook Housing Co., Inc. v. Talia Collins, Kintavia Carter

TOPICS

premises liability personal injury negligence summary judgment expert testimony

PRACTICE AREAS

personal injury premises liability negligence civil procedure evidence

QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether defendants were entitled to summary judgment based on evidence that a new working smoke detector had been installed before the plaintiffs moved into the apartment.
2. Whether the plaintiff raised a triable issue of fact concerning the operation of the smoke detector and defendants' alleged removal of it after voluntarily undertaking to replace it.
3. Whether plaintiffs raised a triable issue of fact as to proximate causation through expert evidence.
4. Whether Supreme Court properly considered an expert affidavit whose jurat was unsigned by the notary.

HOLDINGS

1. Summary judgment was properly denied because the plaintiff's affidavit raised a triable issue of fact as to whether the smoke detector was operational when installed.
2. The plaintiff raised a triable issue of fact as to whether defendants breached a duty by removing an allegedly inoperable smoke detector and promising to replace it but failing to do so before the fire.
3. Plaintiffs raised a triable issue of fact as to whether the absence of a working smoke detector proximately caused or increased the infant plaintiff's injuries, and Supreme Court properly considered the expert affidavit despite the unsigned jurat.

KEY QUOTATIONS

“even when no duty exists, once a person voluntarily undertakes to act[,] he must do so with due care” (642)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Kintavia Carter was injured by smoke in a fire at an apartment owned by Howland Hook Housing and managed by Grenadier Realty. The plaintiffs alleged that defendants failed to provide a working smoke detector. Although defendants presented evidence that a new detector had been installed before the plaintiffs moved in, the plaintiff stated that it never worked and that defendants later removed it after she complained and promised to replace it before the fire.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Talia Collins, individually and on behalf of her daughter Kintavia Carter, sued Grenadier Realty and Howland Hook Housing Co., Inc. for injuries sustained by Kintavia in an apartment fire. Supreme Court, Kings County, denied defendants' motion for summary judgment. The Appellate Division affirmed, with costs.

DISPOSITION

affirmed

CASES CITED

- *Amble v City of New York*, 157 AD2d 688, 689 [1990]
- *Gleason v City of New York*, 68 AD3d 1054, 1056 [2009]

- McIntosh v Moscrip, 138 AD2d 781, 783 [1988]
- Parvi v City of Kingston, 41 NY2d 553, 559 [1977]
- Alvarez v Prospect Hosp., 68 NY2d 320, 324 [1986]
- Stukas v Streiter, 83 AD3d 18 [2d Dept 2011]
- Baluchinsky v General Motors Corp., 248 AD2d 574, 575 [1998]
- Supreme Automotive Mfg. Corp. v Continental Cas. Co., 97 AD2d 700, 700 [1983]
- Lein v Czaplinski, 106 AD2d 723, 725 [1984]

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