

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF
FLORIDA, FORT MYERS DIVISION

**Humberto Ramon Perez Pellerano, by Next Friend Juana Gutierrez
v. Warden, Florida Soft Side South and U.S. Attorney General**

Perez Pellerano v. Warden · No. 2:26-cv-242-JES-DNF · Decided February 10, 2026

SUMMARY

The United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida dismissed without prejudice a 28 U.S.C. § 2241 habeas petition filed by Juana Gutierrez on behalf of detained individual Humberto Ramon Perez Pellerano. The court held that Gutierrez had not established next-friend standing and could not represent Pellerano as a nonlawyer.

OPINION

Humberto Ramon Perez Pellerano, by Next Friend Juana Gutierrez v. Warden, Florida Soft Side South and U.S. Attorney General

PER CURIAM.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

FORT MYERS DIVISION

HUMBERTO RAMON PEREZ

PELLERANO, by Next Friend Juana Gutierrez, Petitioner, v. Case No. 2:26-cv-242-JES-DNF

WARDEN, FLORIDA SOFT SIDE

SOUTH and U.S. ATTORNEY

GENERAL,

Respondents. /

OPINION AND ORDER

Before the Court is a 28 U.S.C. § 2241 petition for writ of habeas corpus filed by Juana Gutierrez. (Doc. 1). She files the petition on behalf of Humberto Ramon Perez Pellerano who is being detained by Immigration and Customs Enforcement at Alligator Alcatraz. (Doc. 1). An “[a]pplication for a writ of habeas corpus shall be in writing signed and verified by the person for whose relief it is intended or by someone acting in his behalf.” 28 U.S.C. § 2242. The latter part of this provision codifies the common law tradition of permitting a “next friend” to litigate on behalf of a person who, because of incompetence, is unable to initiate a habeas action himself. See *Whitmore v. Arkansas*, 495 U.S. 149, 162 (1990). But “[n]ext friend’ standing is by no means granted automatically[.]” *Id.* at 163. To demonstrate that “next friend” status is warranted, the would-be next friend must (1) provide an adequate explanation for the necessity of the

designation, such as the real party's mental incompetence or lack of access to the courts and (2) show she is "truly dedicated to the interests" of the real party. *Id.* Juana Gutierrez has not met this standard. There is no allegation that Pellerano is mentally incompetent or has been denied access to the courts. Because Gutierrez does not demonstrate the propriety of "next friend" status, she lacks standing to initiate this action on Pellerano's behalf. See *Francis v. Warden, FCC Coleman-USP*, 246 F. App'x 621, 622 (11th Cir. 2007) ("Absent 'next friend' status, an individual lacks Article III standing to file a petition on another's behalf, thus stripping the district court of jurisdiction to consider the petition."). In addition, while Rule 17(c) of the Civil Rules of Civil Procedure provides for certain representatives to sue on behalf of another, it does not confer on those representatives a right to act as legal counsel for somebody else. Gutierrez does not claim to be a lawyer, and she cannot represent Pellerano in this action. See *Timson v. Sampson*, 518 F.3d 870, 873 (11th Cir. 2008)(noting that although 28 U.S.C. § 1654 allows parties to conduct their own cases personally, that right "does not extend to the representation of the interests of others"). Accordingly, it is ORDERED:

1. The Petition (Doc. 1) is DISMISSED without prejudice.
2. The Clerk shall enter judgment dismissing this case without prejudice, terminate any pending motions as moot, and close the case, DONE AND ORDERED in Fort Myers, Florida on February 10, 2026. / — OL
JGHE E. STEELE
5 IOR UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE