

OHIO COURT OF APPEALS, NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

State ex rel. Price v. Spitler

2026-Ohio-982 · No. 25AP0060 · Decided March 23, 2026

SUMMARY

The Ninth District Court of Appeals dismissed Vincent Price’s prohibition action against Judge Corey E. Spitler. The court held that Price failed to comply with the mandatory inmate-filing requirements of R.C. 2969.25, including requirements concerning his affidavit of indigency and affidavit of prior civil actions, and that later filings could not cure the deficiencies.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	Ohio Court of Appeals, Ninth Judicial District
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Per Curiam; Scot A. Stevenson; Hensal; Sutton
JURISDICTION	Ohio Court of Appeals, Ninth Judicial District
DECIDED	March 23, 2026
DOCKET	25AP0060
DISPOSITION	dismissed
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	Original action in prohibition by an incarcerated relator seeking to prohibit a judge from resentencing him, vacate a prior sentencing judgment, and obtain an alternative writ staying the scheduled resentencing hearing.
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	published
PARTIES	Vincent Price v. Corey E. Spitler

TOPICS

- writ of certiorari
- appellate procedure
- civil procedure
- remedies

PRACTICE AREAS

- civil procedure
- appellate procedure
- remedies

QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether an inmate's failure to comply with the mandatory filing requirements of Ohio Revised Code 2969.25 requires dismissal of an original prohibition action.

2. Whether later-filed affidavits may cure deficiencies in the inmate's filing-fee-waiver affidavit or affidavit of prior civil actions.

HOLDINGS

1. An inmate's failure to comply with the mandatory filing requirements of Ohio Revised Code 2969.25 at the commencement of the action requires dismissal.
2. An inmate may not cure noncompliance with R.C. 2969.25 by filing corrective affidavits after commencing the action.

KEY QUOTATIONS

“The requirements of R.C. 2969.25 are mandatory, and failure to comply with them subjects an inmate’s action to dismissal.” (¶ 2)

“an inmate must comply with the requirements of R.C. 2969.25 at the time of filing and later filings are not permitted to correct deficiencies.” (¶ 4)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Vincent Price, an inmate at Grafton Correctional Institution, sought prohibition against Judge Spitler to prevent a resentencing hearing and to vacate a prior sentencing judgment. Price requested a filing-fee waiver but did not provide the inmate-account balance statement or the required statement of all other cash and things of value. He also initially filed an affidavit stating that he had brought no civil actions or appeals during the prior five years, then filed a corrected affidavit identifying a prior mandamus action three days later.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Price filed a petition for a writ of prohibition against Judge Corey E. Spitler and sought a filing-fee waiver. He filed an affidavit of indigency that lacked the required inmate-account statement and statement of other assets, and his initial affidavit of prior civil actions falsely stated that he had filed no such actions during the preceding five years. He filed a corrective affidavit three days later, but the court held that later filings cannot cure noncompliance existing when the action was commenced and dismissed the case.

DISPOSITION

dismissed

CASES CITED

- State ex rel. Graham v. Findlay Mun. Court, 2005-Ohio-3671, ¶ 6
- State ex rel. Robinson v. Page, 2025-Ohio-623, ¶ 8
- Gilbert v. Ohio Parole Board, 2024-Ohio-3353, ¶¶ 4-5 (9th Dist.)
- State ex rel. Gordon v. Summit County Ct. of Common Pleas, 2023-Ohio-4107, ¶¶ 5-8 (9th Dist.)
- State ex rel. Wright v. Callahan, 2025-Ohio-2762, ¶ 5 (9th Dist.)
- State ex rel. Townsend v. Spatny, 2024-Ohio-5149, ¶¶ 4-6

OPINION

State ex rel. Price v. Spitler

2026 Ohio 982

PER CURIAM.

[Cite as State ex rel. Price v. Spitler, 2026-Ohio-982.]

STATE OF OHIO) IN THE COURT OF APPEALS

)ss: NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

COUNTY OF WAYNE)

STATE OF OHIO EX REL. VINCENT

PRICE

Relator C.A. No. 25AP0060 v.

JUDGE COREY E. SPITLER

ORIGINAL ACTION IN PROHIBITION

Respondent Dated: March 23, 2026 PER CURIAM. {¶1} Relator, Vincent Price, has petitioned this Court for a writ of prohibition against Respondent, Judge Spitler. Mr. Price seeks an order prohibiting Judge Spitler from resentencing him and directing the judge to vacate a prior sentencing judgment. Mr. Price also seeks an alternative writ to secure a stay of the scheduled resentencing hearing. For the following reasons, this case must be dismissed. {¶2} R.C. 2969.25 sets forth specific filing requirements for inmates who file a civil action against a government employee or entity. Judge Spitler is a government employee, and Mr. Price, incarcerated in Grafton Correctional Institution, is an inmate. R.C. 2969.21(C) and (D). A case must be dismissed if the inmate fails to comply with the mandatory requirements of R.C. 2969.25 in the commencement of the action. State ex rel. Graham v. Findlay Mun. Court, 2005- Ohio-3671, ¶ 6 (“The requirements of R.C. 2969.25 are mandatory, and failure to comply with 2 them subjects an inmate’s action to dismissal.”). “[A]n inmate may not cure noncompliance with the filing requirements of R.C. 2969.25.” State ex rel. Robinson v. Page, 2025-Ohio-623, ¶ 8. {¶3} An inmate seeking the waiver of filing fees, as Mr. Price did in this case, must file an affidavit of indigency. The affidavit must include:

(1) A statement that sets forth the balance in the inmate account of the inmate for each of the preceding six months, as certified by the institutional cashier; [and]

(2) A statement that sets forth all other cash and things of value owned by the inmate at that time. R.C. 2969.25(C)(1)-(2). Although Mr. Price filed an affidavit in support of his fee waiver, he did not include an inmate account statement or a statement setting forth “all other cash and things of value” he owned at the time of his filing. R.C. 2969.25(C)(2). Accordingly, he failed to comply with the mandatory requirements of R.C. 2969.25(C). See Gilbert v. Ohio Parole Board, 2024- Ohio-3353, ¶ 4-5 (9th Dist.). {¶4} An inmate who commences a civil action against a government employee also must file an affidavit of prior civil actions he “has filed in the previous five years in any state or federal court.” R.C. 2969.25(A). For each civil action, the affidavit must

include:

(1) A brief description of the nature of the civil action or appeal;
(2) The case name, case number, and the court in which the civil action or appeal was brought;

(3) The name of each party to the civil action or appeal;

(4) The outcome of the civil action or appeal, including whether the court dismissed

the civil action or appeal as frivolous or malicious under state or federal law or rule of court, whether the court made an award against the inmate or the inmate's counsel of record for frivolous conduct under section 2323.51 of the Revised Code, another statute, or a rule of court, and, if the court so dismissed the action or appeal or made an award of that nature, the date of the final order affirming the dismissal or award. R.C. 2969.25(A)(1)-(4). 3 At the time he filed his complaint, Mr. Price filed an affidavit of prior actions. His affidavit indicated that he had not filed any previous civil actions or appeals in the past five years. Three days later, however, he filed a second affidavit of prior actions. The second affidavit averred that, within the past five years, he had filed a mandamus action in the Ohio Supreme Court. It appears Mr. Price filed a second affidavit to correct the first affidavit he filed in support of his petition. Yet "an inmate must comply with the requirements of R.C. 2969.25 at the time of filing and later filings are not permitted to correct deficiencies." *State ex rel. Gordon v. Summit County Ct. of Common Pleas*, 2023-Ohio-4107, ¶ 5-8 (9th Dist.). Because Mr. Price failed to comply with the mandatory requirements of R.C. 2969.25(A) at the time he filed his petition, this case must be dismissed. See *State ex rel. Wright v. Callahan*, 2025-Ohio-2762, ¶ 5 (9th Dist.); *State ex rel. Townsend v. Spatny*, 2024-Ohio-5149, ¶ 4-6 (9th Dist.). {¶5} Mr. Price's petition is dismissed. Costs of this action are taxed to Mr. Price. The clerk of courts is hereby directed to serve upon all parties not in default notice of this judgment and its date of entry upon the journal. See Civ.R. 58(B).

SCOT A. STEVENSON

FOR THE COURT

HENSAL, J. SUTTON, J. CONCUR. 4

APPEARANCES: VINCENT PRICE, Pro Se, Relator. ANGELA WYPASEK, Prosecuting Attorney, and THOMAS M. McCARTY, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, for Respondent.