

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF  
CALIFORNIA

**Alonso v. Imperial County Sheriff Office**

Alonso · No. 23-CV-0005-CAB-BGS · Decided March 6, 2023

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OPINION

Alonso v. Imperial County Sheriff Office

PER CURIAM.

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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

9 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

10 CHRISTOPHER K. ALONSO, Case No.: 23-CV-0005-CAB-BGS

11 Plaintiff,

ORDER GRANTING UNOPPOSED

12 v. MOTION TO DISMISS

COMPLAINT

13 IMPERIAL COUNTY SHERIFF OFFICE

et al., 14 [Doc. No. 5] Defendants. 15 16 This matter is before the Court on Defendants' motion to  
dismiss on the grounds that 17 the complaint fails to state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The  
motion was filed on 18 January 26, 2023, and set a hearing date (for briefing purposes only) of  
March 2, 2023. 19 Civil Local Rule 7.1.e.2 requires a party opposing a motion to file an  
opposition or 20 statement of non-opposition no later than fourteen calendar days before the  
noticed hearing. 21 Thus, based on the hearing date of March 2, 2023, Plaintiff's opposition to the  
motion to 22 dismiss was due on February 16, 2023. No opposition has been filed. Under the local  
23 rules, Plaintiff's failure to oppose "may constitute a consent to the granting of [the] 24  
motion." See CivLR 7.1.f.3.c. 25 District courts have broad discretion to enact and apply local  
rules, including 26 dismissal of a case for failure to comply with the local rules. *Ghazali v. Moran*,  
46 F.3d 27 52, 53 (9th Cir. 1995) (affirming grant of an unopposed motion to dismiss under local  
rule 28 1 || by deeming a pro se litigant's failure to oppose as consent to granting the motion).  
Before 2 dismissing an action for failure to comply with local rules, the district court "weigh[s] 3  
several factors: '(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the 4 ||court's  
need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public 5 || policy  
favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic 6 ||sanctions.'" *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53 (quoting *Henderson vy. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1423 7 || (9th Cir. 1986)). 8  
Here, the *Ghazali* factors support granting the motion based on the lack of opposition 9 because  
Plaintiffs failure to oppose the motion to dismiss indicates that Plaintiff has 10 || abandoned this

lawsuit and consents to the granting of the motion to dismiss. The public's 11 |/interest in expeditious resolution of litigation, the court's need to manage its docket, the 12 ||risk of prejudice to defendants by further delays in this litigation, and the lack of 13 || appropriate less drastic sanctions all support dismissal. Accordingly, the motion to dismiss 14 |}is GRANTED based on the lack of opposition, and the complaint is DISMISSED 15 || WITHOUT PREJUDICE.' The Clerk of Court shall CLOSE this case. 16 Itis SO ORDERED. 17 |}Dated: March 6, 2023 18 Y g 19 30 Hon. Cathy Ann Bencivengo United States District Judge 21 22 23 24 25 |} 27 ||! If Plaintiff's failure to oppose the motion to dismiss was inadvertent, he must file a motion for relief 28 from this order under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60, along with a brief in opposition to the motion to dismiss, by April 3, 2023.