

SUPREME COURT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

McCormick County Council v. Butler

361 S.C. 92 (2004) · Decided September 13, 2004

SUMMARY

The South Carolina Supreme Court held that the Clerk of Court has authority to assign offices and possess the keys to offices in the McCormick County Courthouse. The court relied on statutory provisions placing the clerk in charge of the courthouse and limiting county administrator authority over elected constitutional officers, and denied County Council’s request to stay the Chief Justice’s administrative order.

CASE DETAILS

COURT	Supreme Court of South Carolina
WRITING FOR THE COURT	Chief Justice Toal; Justice Waller; Justice Burnett; Justice Pleicones; Justice Moore
JURISDICTION	South Carolina
DECIDED	September 13, 2004
DISPOSITION	other
PROCEDURAL POSTURE	The County Council petitioned the South Carolina Supreme Court for a declaratory judgment in the court's original jurisdiction concerning authority to assign courthouse office space and possess office keys. The court accepted the matter because it involved significant public interest and denied the Council's request to stay the Chief Justice's administrative order.
STANDARD OF REVIEW	Original-jurisdiction determination of statutory and constitutional authority; no separate standard of review stated.
PRECEDENTIAL VALUE	Published South Carolina Supreme Court opinion; precedential.
PARTIES	McCormick County Council v. Butler

TOPICS

- municipal law
- administrative law
- statutory interpretation
- separation of powers

PRACTICE AREAS

QUESTIONS PRESENTED

1. Whether the Clerk of Court or the County Council has authority to assign offices and possess the keys to offices in the county courthouse.
2. Whether the Chief Justice had authority to issue an administrative order controlling courthouse administration.

HOLDINGS

1. The Clerk of Court has authority to assign offices in and possess the keys to offices in the county courthouse.
2. As administrative head of South Carolina's unified judicial system, the Chief Justice has authority to issue administrative orders controlling the courts in the State.

KEY QUOTATIONS

“Although the statutes do not specifically provide who has the authority to assign offices and possess the keys thereto in the county courthouse, the provision of § 14-17-210 giving the clerk of court charge of the courthouse must include the assignment of offices and possession of keys.” (at 94)

“Because authority to control the courthouse is given to the Clerk of Court, we hold that the Clerk of Court has the authority to assign offices in and possess the keys to the offices in the courthouse.” (at 94)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A dispute arose over who had authority to assign office space and possess keys to offices in the McCormick County Courthouse. Chief Justice Toal issued an administrative order providing that, pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. § 14-17-210, the Clerk of Court had charge of the courthouse and authority over room assignments and office keys. The County Council challenged that authority and sought a stay of the administrative order.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The dispute arose from a June 23, 2004, administrative order of Chief Justice Toal stating that the Clerk of Court had charge of the courthouse and control over room assignments and office keys. The County Council sought declaratory relief and a stay of that order in the Supreme Court's original jurisdiction. The court granted the petition to hear the matter, dispensed with further briefing, denied the stay, and held that the Clerk of Court possesses the relevant authority.

DISPOSITION

other