

**SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, APPELLATE DIVISION,
FIRST DEPARTMENT**

Stumacher v. Medical Liab. Mut. Ins. Co.

Stumacher, 2026 NY Slip Op 02734 (Supreme Court of the State of New York Appellate Division First Department 2026) · No. Index No. 157477/24; Appeal No. 6499; Case No. 2025-02664 · Decided April 30, 2026

OPINION

Stumacher v. Medical Liab. Mut. Ins. Co. 2026 NY Slip Op 02734

PER CURIAM.

Stumacher v Medical Liab. Mut. Ins. Co. - 2026 NY Slip Op 02734 skip to main content It appears you are using Adblock. Please disable Adblock to best experience our website. Law Reporting Bureau Thomas J.K. Smith, State Reporter Court Decisions Resources About Home All Court Decisions Decisions Stumacher v Medical Liab. Mut. Ins. Co. 2026 NY Slip Op 02734 April 30, 2026 Appellate Division, First Department Published by New York State Law Reporting Bureau pursuant to Judiciary Law § 431. This decision is uncorrected and subject to revision before publication in the Official Reports. Richard Stumacher, Plaintiff-Respondent, v Medical Liability Mutual Insurance Company, et al., Defendants-Appellants. Decided and Entered: April 30, 2026 Index No. 157477/24|Appeal No. 6499|Case No. 2025-02664| Before: Kennedy, J.P., González Rosado, Chan, JJ. Rivkin Radler LLP, New York (Henry M. Mascia of counsel), for Medical Liability Mutual Insurance Company, appellant. Furman Kornfeld & Brennan LLP, New York (Aaron M. Barham of counsel), for Marshall Dennehey Warner Coleman & Goggin P.C. and Kevin Ryan, appellants. Blank & Star, PLLC, Brooklyn (Helene E. Blank of counsel), for respondent. [*1] Order, Supreme Court, New York County (Judith N. McMahon, J.), entered March 31, 2025, which denied defendant Medical Liability Mutual Insurance Company's motion pursuant to CPLR 3211(a)(7) to dismiss the third cause of action against it and any claim or demand for punitive damages, and the motion by defendants Marshall Dennehey Warner Coleman & Goggin, P.C. and Kevin Ryan pursuant to CPLR 3211(a)(1) and (7) to dismiss the complaint as against them in its entirety, unanimously modified, on the law, to the extent of dismissing the third cause of action against MLMIC, and otherwise affirmed, without costs. The court properly denied MLMIC's motion to dismiss the demand for punitive damages, but should have dismissed the third cause of action for such relief. Plaintiff's complaint, which is to be afforded a liberal construction and the facts of which we are required to accept as true (see Leon v Martinez , 84 NY2d 83, 87 [1994]), alleges egregious conduct directed not only at him but more broadly at MLMIC's other insureds within the State of New York and nationwide. This alleged behavior went beyond a failure to settle the underlying malpractice claim within policy limits, but rather included, inter alia, a callous disregard of the probability of an excess verdict, the

assignment by MLMIC of a single law firm to represent multiple defendants with conflicting interests, and the failure to notify plaintiff of settlement offers. Thus, while "no separate cause of action for punitive damages lies for pleading purposes . . . the complaint, . . . adequately alleges a demand for punitive damages" against MLMIC (*Pergament v Government Empls. Ins. Co. ["GEICO"]* , 225 AD3d 799, 801 [2d Dept 2024] [internal quotation marks omitted]; see *Rocanova v Equitable Life Assur. Socy. of U.S.* , 83 NY2d 603, 613 [1994]). The court properly denied defendants Marshall Dennehey and Ryan's motion to dismiss. The complaint adequately alleges that defendants breached their duty of care, and that such breach caused ascertainable damages. The allegations were not wholly speculative since there is evidence in the record that plaintiff expressed concern about the possibility of an excess verdict, and because plaintiff alleged he would have agreed to settle the underlying action had he been informed that the plaintiff in that action had offered to accept the policy limits. Further, the documentary evidence submitted by defendants does not conclusively establish a defense to the legal malpractice cause of action as a matter of law (see *Weil, Gotshal & Manges, LLP v Fashion Boutique of Short Hills, Inc.* , 10 AD3d 267, 271 [1st Dept 2004]). We have considered the remaining contentions and find them unavailing. THIS CONSTITUTES THE DECISION AND ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION, FIRST DEPARTMENT. ENTERED: April 30, 2026 Court Decisions All Court Decisions Official Reports Service Bound Volumes Decision Search Resources RSS Feeds Style Manual Citation Tools Opinion Formatting & Privacy Guidelines Opinion Selection Criteria Legal Research Portal Site Index About About the Law Reporting Bureau About our Operations Contact Us Twitter Quick Contact Info 17 Lodge Street Albany, NY 12207 Phone: (518) 453-6900 Links to or from other sites do not signify endorsement or relationship with them. PER CURIAM.

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Rosado, Chan, JJ. </p> <div> <p>Rivkin Radler LLP, New York (Henry M. Mascia of counsel), for Medical Liability Mutual Insurance Company, appellant.</p> <p>Furman Kornfeld & Brennan LLP, New York (Aaron M. Barham of counsel), for Marshall Dennehey Warner Coleman & Goggin P.C. and Kevin Ryan, appellants.</p> <p>Blank & Star, PLLC, Brooklyn (Helene E. Blank of counsel), for respondent.</p> </div> [*1] <p>Order, Supreme Court, New York County (Judith N. McMahon, J.), entered March 31, 2025, which denied defendant Medical Liability Mutual Insurance Company's motion pursuant to CPLR 3211(a)(7) to dismiss the third cause of action against it and any claim or demand for punitive damages, and the motion by defendants Marshall Dennehey Warner Coleman & Goggin, P.C. and Kevin Ryan pursuant to CPLR 3211(a)(1) and (7) to dismiss the complaint as against them in its entirety, unanimously modified, on the law, to the extent of dismissing the third cause of action against MLMIC, and otherwise affirmed, without costs.</p> <p>The court properly denied MLMIC's motion to dismiss the demand for punitive damages, but should have dismissed the third cause of action for such relief. Plaintiff's complaint, which is to be afforded a liberal construction and the facts of which we are required to accept as true (<i>see</i> <i>Leon v Martinez</i>, 84 NY2d 83, 87 [1994]), alleges egregious conduct directed not only at him but more broadly at MLMIC's other insureds within the State of New York and nationwide. This alleged behavior went beyond a failure to settle the underlying malpractice claim within policy limits, but rather included, inter alia, a callous disregard of the probability of an excess verdict, the assignment by MLMIC of a single law firm to represent multiple defendants with conflicting interests, and the failure to notify plaintiff of settlement offers. Thus, while "no separate cause of action for punitive damages lies for pleading purposes . . . the complaint, . . . adequately alleges a demand for punitive damages" against MLMIC (<i>Pergament v Government Empls. Ins. Co. ["GEICO"]</i>, 225 AD3d 799, 801 [2d Dept 2024] [internal quotation marks omitted]; <i>see Rocanova v Equitable Life Assur. Socy. of U.S.</i>, 83 NY2d 603, 613 [1994]).</p> <p>The court properly denied defendants Marshall Dennehey and Ryan's motion to dismiss. The complaint adequately alleges that defendants breached their duty of care, and that such breach caused ascertainable damages. The allegations were not wholly speculative since there is evidence in the record that plaintiff expressed concern about the possibility of an excess verdict, and because plaintiff alleged he would have agreed to settle the underlying action had he been informed that the plaintiff in that action had offered to accept the policy limits. Further, the documentary evidence submitted by defendants does not conclusively establish a defense to the legal malpractice cause of action as a matter of law (<i>see</i> <i>Weil, Gotshal & Manges, LLP v Fashion Boutique of Short <i><i>Hills, Inc.</i></i></i>, 10 AD3d 267, 271 [1st Dept 2004]).</p> <p>We have considered the remaining contentions and find them unavailing. </p> <p>THIS CONSTITUTES THE DECISION AND ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, APPELLATE DIVISION, FIRST DEPARTMENT.</p> <p>ENTERED: April 30, 2026</p> </div> <div> <div> <p>Court Decisions</p> All Court Decisions Official Reports Service Bound Volumes Decision Search

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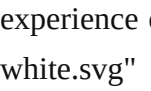
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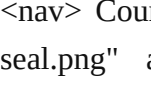
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