

**APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW
YORK, SECOND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT**

Kopelevich & Feldsherova, P.C. v. Art of Healing Medicine, P.C.

Kopelevich, 2026 NY Slip Op 01043 (Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York
Second Judicial Department 2026) · No. 2024-05175 · Decided February 25, 2026

OPINION

Kopelevich & Feldsherova, P.C. v. Art of Healing Medicine, P.C. 2026 NY Slip Op 01043
PER CURIAM.

Kopelevich & Feldsherova, P.C. v Art of Healing Medicine, P.C. (2026 NY Slip Op 01043)
Kopelevich & Feldsherova, P.C. v Art of Healing Medicine, P.C. 2026 NY Slip Op 01043
Decided on February 25, 2026 Appellate Division, Second Department Published by New York
State Law Reporting Bureau pursuant to Judiciary Law § 431. This opinion is uncorrected and
subject to revision before publication in the Official Reports. Decided on February 25, 2026

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Appellate Division, Second Judicial Department BETSY BARROS, J.P.

WILLIAM G. FORD

LOURDES M. VENTURA

DONNA-MARIE E. GOLIA, JJ. 2024-05175

(Index No. 509349/20) [*1]Kopelevich & Feldsherova, P.C., appellant, v Art of Healing
Medicine, P.C., et al., respondents. Kopelevich & Feldsherova, P.C., Brooklyn, NY (Mikhail
Kopelevich of counsel), appellant pro se. The Leyvi Law Group, P.C., Brooklyn, NY (Maksim
Leyvi of counsel), for respondents. DECISION & ORDER In an action to recover unpaid
legal fees, the plaintiff appeals from an order of the Supreme Court, Kings County (Caroline Piela
Cohen, J.), dated March 28, 2024. The order denied the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment
on the complaint. ORDERED that the order is affirmed, with costs. The plaintiff commenced this
action to recover unpaid legal fees allegedly earned for work performed on behalf of the
defendants. The plaintiff moved for summary judgment on the complaint, which sought, inter alia,
to recover fees on an account stated. The defendants opposed the motion. The Supreme Court
denied the plaintiff's motion in an order dated March 28, 2024. The plaintiff appeals. "An account
stated is an agreement between parties, based upon their prior transactions, with respect to the
correctness of the account items and the specific balance due" (Michael B. Shulman &
Assoc., P.C. v Canzona , 201 AD3d 716, 717 [internal quotation marks omitted]). "Although an
account stated may be based on an express agreement between the parties as to the amount due, an
agreement may be implied where a defendant retains bills without objecting to them within a
reasonable period of time, or makes partial payment on the account" (Citibank [South Dakota],
N.A. v Abraham , 138 AD3d 1053, 1056). "Whether a bill has been held without objection for a

period of time sufficient to give rise to an inference of assent, in light of all the circumstances presented, is ordinarily a question of fact, and becomes a question of law only in those cases where only one inference is rationally possible" (*Legum v Ruthen* , 211 AD2d 701, 703). Here, the plaintiff met its prima facie burden of establishing its entitlement to judgment as a matter of law based upon an account stated by demonstrating that its invoices had been received by the defendant Alexander Pinkusovich and by submitting evidence that the defendants did not object to the invoices. However, the defendants' submissions in opposition, including the affidavit of Alexander Pinkusovich, alleging that the plaintiff had been removed as the defendants' counsel for "wrongful action" and that the only invoices sent to the defendants were dated one day prior to the plaintiff's removal as counsel, as well as evidence that the defendants [*2]stopped payment on a check that was drafted to the plaintiff and that the defendants paid a partial amount of one invoice "in settlement," raised a triable issue of fact as to whether the defendants objected to the plaintiff's invoices in a reasonable period of time. Accordingly, the Supreme Court properly denied the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment on the complaint. The plaintiff's remaining contentions are without merit. BARROS, J.P., FORD, VENTURA and GOLIA, JJ., concur. ENTER: Darrell M. Joseph Clerk of the Court