

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF
CALIFORNIA**

Roberto Johnson v. Kern County Jail, et al.

Johnson v. Kern County Jail · No. 1:22-cv-01046-KES-SKO (PC) · Decided June 30, 2025

OPINION

(PC) Johnson v. Kern County Jail

PER CURIAM.

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6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

7 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

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9 ROBERTO JOHNSON, 1:22-cv-01046-KES-SKO (PC)

10 Plaintiff, SECOND INFORMATIONAL ORDER—

NOTICE AND WARNING OF

11 v. REQUIREMENTS FOR OPPOSING

DEFENDANT’S SUMMARY JUDGMENT

12 KERN COUNTY JAIL, et al., MOTION 13 Defendants. (Doc. 48)

14 TWENTY-ONE (21) DAY DEADLINE

15 Plaintiff Roberto Johnson is a former county jail inmate and current state prisoner 16
proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. 17
This action proceeds on Plaintiff’s Eighth Amendment failure to protect claim against Defendant
18 Frye. 19

I. INTRODUCTION

20 On June 26, 2025, Defendant Frye filed a summary judgment motion addressing the 21 merits
of Plaintiff’s claim. (Doc. 48.)¹ Although Defendant’s motion indicates Defendant served a 22
separate Rand² warning on Plaintiff (see id. at 9), the warning itself was not included with 23
Defendant’s filing. Therefore, in an abundance of caution, the Court provides Plaintiff with the 24
following information and briefly extends the deadline for any opposition to Defendant’s motion.
25 26 ¹ Discovery closed in this case on April 25, 2025. (See Doc. 45.) The Court notes
Defendant’s motion for 27 summary judgment is timely because it was filed on June 26, 2025, the
deadline for the filing of dispositive motions. (Id. at 3.)

1 II. NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS AND REQUIREMENTS

2 Pursuant to Woods v. Carey, 684 F.3d 934 (9th Cir. 2012), Rand v. Rowland, 154 F.3d 3 952 (9th
Cir. 1998), and Klingele v. Eikenberry, 849 F.2d 409 (9th Cir. 1988), the Court hereby 4 notifies
Plaintiff of the following rights and requirements for opposing the motion: 5 1. Unless otherwise

ordered, all motions for summary judgment are briefed pursuant to Local Rule 230(l). 2. Plaintiff is required to file an opposition or a statement of non-opposition to Defendant's motion for summary judgment. Local Rule 230(l). If Plaintiff fails to file an opposition or a statement of non-opposition to the motion, this action may be dismissed, with prejudice, for failure to prosecute. The opposition or statement of non-opposition must be filed not more than 21 days after the date of service of the motion. Id. 3. The Rand decision includes this model notice provided in Appendix A: The defendants have made a motion for summary judgment by which they seek to have your case dismissed. A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure will, if granted, end your case. Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to oppose a motion for summary judgment. Generally, summary judgment must be granted when there is no genuine issue of material fact—that is, if there is no real dispute about any fact that would affect the result of your case, the party who asked for summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing makes a motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says. Instead, you must set out specific facts in declarations, depositions, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as provided in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the defendant's declarations and documents and show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will be dismissed and there will be no trial. 4 [Local Rule ____ of the District Court also requires, in addition, that you include as a part of your opposition to a motion for summary judgment ____.] 5 Rand, 154 F.3d at 962-63. 6 4. A motion for summary judgment is a request for judgment on some or all of a plaintiff's claims in favor of defendants without trial. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(a). Defendant's motion 3 sets forth the facts which he contends are not reasonably subject to dispute and that entitle him to 4 judgment as a matter of law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c). This is called the Statement of Undisputed 5 Facts. Local Rule 260(a). 6 4. Plaintiff has the right to oppose a motion for summary judgment. To oppose the 7 motion, Plaintiff must show proof of his claims. Plaintiff may agree with the facts set forth in 8 Defendant's motion but argue that Defendant is not entitled to judgment as a matter of law. 9 5. In the alternative, if Plaintiff does not agree with the facts set forth in Defendant's 10 motion, he may show that Defendant's facts are disputed in one or more of the following ways: 11 (1) Plaintiff may rely upon statements made under the penalty of perjury in the complaint or the 12 opposition if (a) the complaint or opposition shows that Plaintiff has personal knowledge of the 13 matters stated and (b) Plaintiff calls to the Court's attention those parts of the complaint or 14 opposition upon which Plaintiff relies; (2) Plaintiff may serve and file declarations setting forth 15 the facts which Plaintiff believes prove his claims; (3) Plaintiff may rely upon written records but 16 Plaintiff must prove that the records are what he claims they are; or (4) Plaintiff may rely upon all 17 or any part of the transcript of one or more depositions,

answers to interrogatories, or admissions 18 obtained in this proceeding. Should Plaintiff fail to contradict Defendant's motion with 19 declarations or other evidence, Defendant's evidence will be taken as truth, and final judgment 20 may be entered without a full trial. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e). 21 6. In opposing Defendant's motion for summary judgment, Local Rule 260(b) 22 requires Plaintiff to reproduce Defendant's itemized facts in the Statement of Undisputed Facts 23 and admit those facts which are undisputed and deny those which are disputed. If Plaintiff 24 disputes (denies) a fact, Plaintiff must cite to the evidence used to support that denial (e.g., 25 pleading, declaration, deposition, interrogatory answer, admission, or other document). Local 26 Rule 260(b).

27 7. Unsigned declarations will be stricken, and declarations not signed under penalty 1 9. The failure of to comply with this order, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or 2 the Local Rules of the Eastern District of California may result in the imposition of sanctions 3 including but not limited to dismissal of the action or entry of default.

4 III. THE DEADLINE FOR FILING AN OPPOSITION WILL BE EXTENDED

5 Considering Plaintiff's pro se status and any uncertainty concerning the content of the 6 required Rand notice served by Defendant separately from the motion for summary judgment, the 7 Court will briefly extend the deadline for Plaintiff to file his opposition to Defendant's motion for 8 summary judgment.

9 IV. CONCLUSION AND ORDER

10 Based on the foregoing, the Court HEREBY ORDERS as follows: 11 1. Within twenty-one (21) days from the date of service of this order, Plaintiff 12 SHALL file an opposition to Defendant's motion for summary judgment, in compliance with 13 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56 and Local Rule 260. In the alternative, Plaintiff may file a 14 statement of non-opposition to Defendant's motion within that same time; and 15 2. Any request for an extension of time of this deadline must be filed on or before it 16 expires and must be supported by good cause. 17 IT IS SO ORDERED. 18 19 Dated: June 30, 2025 /s/ Sheila K. Oberto .

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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